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| Class: B. Tech CsBs | Batch: 1 |
| Date of Experiment: 18-09-2022 | Subject: ITWS |

Lab 7: M-script file-extended



Text, application

Description automatically generated

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| x = linspace(-50,50,200) ;  y\_sinh = (exp(x) - exp(-x))/2;  figure;  plot(y\_sinh,x);    x = linspace(-50,50,200) ;  y\_cosh = (exp(x) + exp(-x))/2;  figure;  plot(y\_cosh,x);    x = linspace(-50,50,200) ;  y\_tanh = (exp(x) - exp(-x))/(exp(x) + exp(-x));  figure;  plot(y\_tanh,x); |



The gravitational force F between two bodies of masses and is given by the equation

Text

Description automatically generated

where G is the gravitation constant (6.672 x 1011 N m2 / kg2 ), and are the masses of the bodies in kilograms, and r is the distance between the two bodies. Write a function to calculate the gravitational force between two bodies given their masses and the distance between them. Test you function by determining the force on an 800 kg satellite in orbit 38,000 km above the Earth. (The mass of the Earth is 5.98 x 1024 kg.)

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| m1 = 800;  m2 = 5.98E24;  r = 38000;  G = 6.672E-11;  force = G \* m1 \* m2 / r^2  **Ouput**  force = 2.2104e+08 |

* 1. Write a program that will solve for the roots of a quadratic equation and display the answer on the screen. The inputs required by this program are the coefficients a,b and c (to be taken from the user ) of the quadratic equation (ax 2+bx+c = 0)

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| a = input ('Enter the coefficient A: ');  b = input ('Enter the coefficient B: ');  c = input ('Enter the coefficient C: ');  d = b^2 - 4 \* a \* c;  x1 = ( -b + sqrt(d) ) / ( 2 \* a );  x2 = ( -b - sqrt(d) ) / ( 2 \* a );  fprintf(['The coefficient A: %d \n' ...  'The coefficient B: %d\n'...  'the coefficient C: %d\n'...  'The roots of this equation (%d)x^2 + (%d)x + (%d) are: %d and %d'],a,b,c,a,b,c,x1,x2); |

* 1. Test the program for :
     1. x2+5x+6 = 0

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* + 1. x2+2x+5 = 0

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